The Republican. THE REPUBLICAN.

OFFICE.

I. MATTINGLY.

PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: If paid in advance, or within three months, \$2,00 If not paid within three months \$2,50 If not paid till the end of the year \$3.00 L' No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

Lieger alvertisements in proportion. Less than the art in Europe, and was thoroughly in- Indiana to 390,000 acres. Whenever ing Secretary, be repealed. Since the pas- this square to be charged as half a square, over structed in all its details. He succeeded there are public lands in the State, subject sage of the act, I learn that nearly \$8,000 half a spaire to be charged as a whole square. A geats in other towns and cities will be allow ed twenty five percent commission, but no adcertisement, of any kind, will be inserted at less

BUSINESS CARDS.

than regular rates.

PLYMOUTH, IND. Ounthquees to and from all trains, and also to any part of the town when orders are left at the house. [niletf

CHARTER WAS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford. C. WHITMORE. panies in the world, nov2'64-2tf

J. FORCE, Morchant Tailor. ed (SEC) NO STURY, WUDDWARD'S BLOCK.)

Keeps on hand a supply of the most fishionable Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

which he will manufacture o orderen as reasonable terms Nov. 5, 1864-if. JOHN G. OSBORNE. Attorney and Counselor at Law.

PLYMOUTH, IND. [nov 3-1+1, VALLEY ORCHARD LODGE, NO. 174, L.O G. T .- Merts every Saturday evening at | Count Tennerance Hall, Argos, Ind. Traveling members are J. A. BUCHER, W. C. T. inviced to attend. L. H. FIRLDING, W. R. S.

C POWELL. Sharing, Shampooing and HAIRDRESSING. Done in the heatest and most fashionable manner. Shon over Westervelt's store, front room. oct27.1864-52tf

H. DAVENPORT. SURGEON DENTIST. march at the Edwards House,

DETER DALLAKER, BUTCHER.

North side LaPorie Street, West at Becker's Store. march 31, 15-1-22, 1 DR. J. M. CONFER,

Let - Surgeon of the 29th Ind Tofantry, offers his prof-eclicial estriction the people of Marshall County.

0.5 - and residence west side of Michigan Street, in the third black north of the Edwards House, Plymouth, Inc

march 21, 1851 .- 21ylp'd NIEW TAILORING ESTABLISH

MENT IN PLYMOUTH. D. RATTY. Merchant Tailor. Up Stairs, Cottin's Block, OVER S & M. BECKER'S STORE PLYMOUTH, INDIANA.

LOCUTTING DONE TO ORDER. OF feb'v18.18 4-nleystf JOHN M. SHOEMAKER, DEALER IN



nearly found it, a first-class Jewelry Store. Aff kinds of Repairing lone with neatness and dispatel Wastvar I's Brick Building, Plymouth, Ind. [n16-71 DR. T. A. BORTON.

FA . ver Hill's Bakery, in Dr. A. O. Borton's Det tal Rooms, west side Michigan street, Plymouth, Ind. jan'y7,1851-atouf

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Branch at Plymouth. 86 Open from 10a. m.to 12m., and from 1 to 3 p m. Tal

THEO. CRESSNER, Cashier. S. A. FLETCHER, Jr., President. T. PHILLIPS, Attorney and Coun-

WAR CLAIM AGENT Office in Hewett & Woodward's Brick Building, up stairs, Plymouth, Indiana.
Practices in Marshall and adjoining counties. jv23tf DR. A. O. BORTON. SURGEON DENTIST.

Whole or partial sets of Teeth inserted on the most approved plan. Special attention paid to he preservation of the natural teeth, and irregities of children's teeth corrected. side Michigan street,

F. LANGENBAUGH. Who understands the German and Englishlanguiges horoughly, hasbeen appointed

Notary Public. and will translatelegal documents from one language to the otheren reasonable terms. He will also take acknowledgments of Deeds, &c., &c. He may be found at the "Regula- corded experience of other States, that our are as yet unsettled, and in many counties April 30, 1863 .- yl.

JOHN NOLL.

BUTCHER: But Side Michigan street, opposite Wheeler's Bank PLYNOUTH, INDIANA. nov5,1864-1tf

BALSAMIC LINIMENT. -- The great remedy for all pains, inflammations, seres, neuralgia, and dysentery. For a horse limiment it has no equal. PERSHING & CO., Plymouth, Ind.

IGHT'S OPODELDOC CURES Light's Opodeldoc.

PLYMOUTH . IND .. Over Pershings' Drug Store. THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1865.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

To the General Assembly of the State of

CONCLUDED FROM LAST WEEK

ATSENAL. Oue squire of 22 lems or less, three weeks, or prepared. Colonel Sturm then was enpectively entitled by the apportionment authorizes the State Board of Colonizaless, \$1,7), each additional insertion 25 cents.— gaged for that purpose. He had studied under the census of 1860. This entitles tion, to appoint an agent or Correspond-EDWARDS HOUSE, Michigan St., ment. Colonel Sturm continued at the may locate it upon any of the mappropri. C. & W. H. McCONNEL, -- Proprietors. with great success and ability, preparing sale at private entry at \$1.25 or less per ammunition of every description for artil- acre lery and small arms, not only supplying "There being no public lands in this INSURANCE AGENCY .- Connecticut our own troops when going to the field, State for sale at private entry, held by the Matual Life Insurance Company, of Hartford, Coun. but sending immense quantities to the ar- Government at \$1.25 per acre, Indiana emergencies, the armies in the West and . This donation is made upon the fol South were supplied from here, when they lowing conditions: First-That all monsenals, and serious disaster thereby avoid- shall be invested in stocks of the United

> Shortly after the Arsenal was fully es- not less than five per c ntum premium per tablished, it was brought to the attention annum, on the par value. of the War Department, and the ammuni- "Second-That the monies so invested tion having been thoroughly tested, the shall constitute a perpetual fund, the cap-Government agreed to pay for what had ital of which shall never be diminished, exalready been issued, and to receive and pay cept as hereinafter stated. costs and expenses incurred on that ac- Tactics, to teach such branches of learning

The operations of the Arsenal were sus- arts. ion having been taken in regard to it, and State. the ground that it was not authorized by of sites or experimental farms. of expenditure that might be incurred on Act by the President. amination of its expenditures, and inspec- which it is made, ion of its operations. With this arrange- "The necessity for scientific instruction this Constitution."

him with ability and industry, until the Agricultural College in each State. final winding up of the Assenal, at which . The question presents itself as to the well as the constitutional provisions retime the Committee made a full report of disposition which shall be made of the quire that a new one shall be made. Units operations, which is herewith submit- grant. Shall it be given to the State Uni- der the present law, which was very imted. It will be found from an examina- versity, or apportioned among all the Col- perfect in the beginning, great inequalities ion of this report, and the detailed ac- leges in the State, upon such terms and existed in the representation in the Legisstarting, that it vielded a net cash profit to cribe; or shall a new Institution be created the increase and changes in our populahundred and eighty dollars and one cent, Congress? It may be difficult now to deinture use, if a cessary, all the tools and cannot know how much may be realized apparatus stored away in the Quartermas- from the sale of scrip. If an amount sho'd ed against myself in the general account, enough for such division, which I apprehave spring solely from the economical soldiers who shall die in the service during apportioned among the several States. BANK OF THE STATE Its original establishment and continuance time was extended within which the States diana. were strictly a military necessity, and might accept the grant, and it is impor- By the 531 section of the Act it was our accounts with the Government has myself and other State officers were invitnot, have been of great benefit to the State the final adjournment." and the Government. It entailed upon

me great responsibility and anxiety, from

which I gladly escaped at the earliest mo-

roform. Can be consulted at his office at any time except than any other State, she has not, by any a few small localities, the soil is rich and son Mondays and Tuesdays. Office over Hill's Bakery, west means, the best system of common schools, fertile, capable of producing all the grains Money alone will not make good schools, and grasses in the greatest abundance .-and disciplined teachers. The necessity ing streams of water, and in every respect for a State Normal School has been se- presents facilities to an easy and profitable verely felt for many years, and earnestly agriculture, while an abundance of coal urged by the most eminent teachers and and water power furnishes the means for friends of education. Indeed, I am satis- manufacturing on the largest scale and fied from my own observation, and the re- cheapest terms. Large tracts of country system of common shools can never even the population is quite sparse, and it is not of the same in money. approach to what it ought to be, until an too much to say, that the State can supinstitution shall be established in which port in ease and comfort a population State was compelled to advance large although in my own opinion, an appropri teachers shall be trained and disciplined for three or four times larger than the present. sums of money to equip and supply our ation for the support of the benevolent intheir high and bonorable calling. A few The war has made a heavy draft upon the volunteers, and, in fact, furnished supplies stitutions was the clear legal result of the thousand dollars diverted every year from labor of the State, which is now scarce and of every kind until the Fall of 1861, and constitutional provision, and the statutes. the school fund revenue for this purpose, in great demand, and should be replenish- it was believed should be replenish- it was believed should be replenish- it was believed should be replenishwould soon make the expenditure of the ed and increased by every legitimate of that act, that our advances, over and port; and it is very certain that had the balance vastly more ben ficial to the chil- means. I therefore earnestly recommend above all reimbursements, would soon be same liberal construction been adopted in drep of the State. When we consider the the establishment of a Bureau of Emigra- sufficient in amount to set-off the amount regard to them, and the Penitentiaries. magnitude of the school fund, the wealth tion, upon a plan similar to that adopted of tax apportioned against the State. Ac- that was extended to the payment of the of the State, and the ability of our people by several of the Western States, provid- cordingly I opened a correspondence with State Printer, they would all have been to pay taxes for the advancement of educa- ing for one or more agents in Europe, the Secretary of the Treasury on the sub- supported from the treasury. have a system of common schools conal to sons about to emigrate to America, infor- advances made by the State on behalf of all these institutions-unless it was the that of any other State, save the absence mation of the geography, population, our troops would be regarded as a 'claim' Southern Penitentiary-must have been

the profession of teaching.

CULTURAL COLLEGES. In presenting the subject of the donation of land by Congress for Agricultural Colleges, in the several States, I cannot do

my former Message. "On the 2d day of July, 1862, the Condonating to each of the States not in re-When our first regiments were ready to bellion against the Government, an take the field, they were unprovided with amount of public lands equal to 30,000 ammunition, and as none could be readily acres for each Senator and Representative. I recommend that the second section of first intended as a temporary convenience, be located by the State to which it is is- any arise in the future. became a large and permanent establish- sued, but most be sold; but the purchasers head of the establishment, managing it ated lands of the United States subject to

mies in the West and South. In several is entitled to receive her donation in scrip. could not procure it in time from other ar- eys derived from the sale of lands or scrip

for what should be prepared thereafter, at . Third-The interest on the stocks to prices which were mutually satisfactory to be inviolably appropriated by the State, both parties. These prices were generally to the endowment and support of at least jury as in other cases, and would undoubt. the 13th day of May, 1862 the concluding terials and construction of the Northern below what the Government paid for am- one College, in which the leading object edly receive due consideration. Indiana part of which is as follows: "Provided, Prison, located at Michigan City, for the munition, but such as it was believed shall be, without excluding scientific and Illinois are the only free States whose that in the case of such release, such State. would fairly indemnify the State for all classical studies, and including Military statute books are dishenored by the reten. Territory or District shall be allowed the 1862. At the extra session in 1861, the as are related to Agriculture and Mechanic

pended during the session of the late Leg "Fourth-If any portion of the fund islature, and its condition and results tully thus invested shall by any contingency be tution of the State are in these words; reported to that body. No Legislative ac- lost, it shall be fully restored by the SEC. IV. The General Assembly shall,

the necessity for its continued operations "Fifth-That portion of the said fund this Constitution, and every six years still existing in full force. I proposed to shall be applied to the purchase, repair, or thereafter, cause an enumeration to be made the Auditor and Treasurer of State, that erection of any building, but that a sum of a lithe white male inhabitants over the they should co-operate with me in carrying not exceeding ten per cent. of the original age of twenty-one years. it forward. This they declined to do, on amount may be expended for the purchase | "Sec. V. The number of Senators and

responsibility of continuing its operations, donation, tinless the Legislature shall ex- ation, be fixed by law, and apportioned provided the Legislative Auditing Com- press its acceptance thereof, whithin two among the several counties, according to mittee would examine and audit all items years from the date of the approval of the the number of white male inhabitants

agreed upon condition that one of their promptly express its acceptance of the tions of members of the General Assembly number should be selected to be present at grant, pledging the faith of the State for under this Constitution, shall be according the Arsenal at all times, for the daily ex- the performance of the conditions upon to the apportionment last made by the

ment I was well satisfied, and the Com- in agriculture, is generally acknowledge!, The enumeration required, of the white mittee selected the Hon. Samuel H. Bus- and Congress intended by this magnificent male inhabitants of the State over twentykirk for that duty. He continued in the donation to provide means for the perma- one years of ago, has never been made .performance of the duties thus assigned to neat establishment of at least one efficient. An apportionment for Legislative purpos-

counts of the arsenal from the time of its conditions as the Legislature may pres- lature, and these are rapidly increasing by he State of seventy-one thousand three expressly designed to carry out the will of tion. \$71.380 01.) besides having on hand, for termine the question from the fact that we er's Department, valued at four thou-and be realized large enough to endow respecand two dollars and forty-four cents. All table and successful Professors in each of oms at any time drawn from the State the Colleges now in the State, attaching to Freasnry, on account of the Arsenal, have them experimental farms, it would perseen returned, and the profits only have haps be the best disposition of it that could emained in my hands, which I have charge be made. But if it should not be large and have used in defraying the expenses of hend will be the case, then I recommend the State Government. It was no part of that it be applied to the establishment of gress approved August 6th, 1861, a direct would pay no interest. I respectfully re- ative through the year 1833, but if not which will be promptly forwarded. Address. the original plan that profits should result an Institution for Agricultural and Mili- annual fax of twenty millions of dollars commend that the Legislature approve my constructed until 1863, this could not hapto the State from its operations, and they tary instruction, to which the children of was leviel upon the United States, and action, and that of the State Officers, in pen until 1864. It was evident that the

herewith submitted.

procured, it became necessary to have it in Congress, to which the States are res- an act approved March 5th, 1853, which well in the enterprise from the beginning, to sale at private entry at \$1.25 per acre, has been paid out in salaries to the Secreand his ammunition was pronounced the the quantity to which the State is entitled tary appointed by the Board, and in that very best in use. Thus was the Arsenal shall be selected from such lands, but if time but one man has been sent to Liberia established, and as the demand for ammu- there are no such lands in the State, or not from the State. This office is a more sinnition daily increased, and the necessity so enough, the Secretary of the Interior is to coure, and the duties which have been atfar from rassing away became constantly issue to the State land scrip for the requi- tached to it by law, can be readily pergreater as the war progressed, what was site number of acres. This scrip cannot formed by the Secretary of State, should

NEGRO TESTIMONY.

intelligence of the State. The idea that adjusted by the last day of June, 1861, so the white race must be protected against as to be "liquidated and determined" withthe colored, by imposing upon them this in the meaning of the Act of Congress, as the cover and protection for much crime off against the tax was about to fail. and injustice. As the law stands, murder | Accordingly I brought the matter to the may be perpetrated with impunity, by attention of our Congressional delegation. white persons in the presence only of col- and asked them to procure, if possible, States, or some other safe stocks vielding ored witnesses, and it is well known that such legislation as would facilitate the setnegroes are often employed by white per- tlement of our accounts, and if that cou'd sons as the instruments of crime and not be done, to procure the extension of in my former message in reference to the in courts of justice. The interests of both and settlements made, so that the advan- contracted for the builing of shops in 1862. races demand that this disability be remov- tage of the set-off need not be lost. After "At the regular session of the Legislaed, and it the fact of color affects credibili- much trouble and delay, they procured the ture in 1861, the sum of 10,000 dollars ty, that can be referred to the court and passage of an Act, which was approved on was appropriated for the purchase of mation of a law so repugnant to the spirit of same abatement of the amount of such the age, and the dictates of common sense. Tax as would be allowed in case of the

Section fourth and fifth of the Consti-

its second session after the adoption of

Representatives shall, at the next followlaw. Afterward, I determined to take the "Sixth-No State shall be entitled to ling each period of making such enumerabove twenty-one years of age in each; that account. To this the Committee "I recommend that the Legislature Provided, That the first and second elec-General Assembly, before the adoption of

e- was enacted in 1857, and justice as

STATE TREASURER'S REPORT.

presented in the report of Mr. Brett, the ernment was in no condition to reimburse ed with the construction of the Prison. sion to except strongly to his policy in vances, and if these advences were not us- that the convict labor should be almost several respects referred to in this message, ed to pay the direct tax, the tax must have wholly unemployed throughout the year BRYANT & STRATTON'S CHAIN OF ministration of his Department has been immediately, while the advances would, in or shops were constructed, when the labor entirely satisfactory.

NATIONAL DIRECT TAX.

and skillful management, for which Colo- this war, shall be admitted free of charge. The apportionment devolved the paynel Sturm is entitled to the chief credit .- "At the last session of Congress, the ment of \$904,875 33 on the State of In- lature at ite last session, but no action was accordingly the Board of Directors con-

whether absolutely covered by the law or tant that you take action upon it before provided that any State might assume, as- progressed slowly, owing to the imper- ed to be present for consultation; and afsess and collect its portion of the tax and fection of many of the vonchers, growing ter full consideration of the subject, it was pay the same into the Treasury, and if thus out of the baste with which the business believed by all to be clearly to the interest It is not necessary to argue the impor- paid on or before the last day of June of was done, and the inexperience of the offi- of the State that the work of construction tance of adding to the wealth and popula. the year for which it was levied, should be commenced at the general supply of all kinds of tion of Indiana, by increasing the emigra- entitle such State to a deduction of fifteen tion to her borders from the various countries and the contract rangements to send an Agent to Washing- could be let at fair prices, and the con-Your attention is called to the report of tries of Europe. The agricultural and by such State. The section further pro- ton to co-operate with the accounting of- tractor, being fully advised of the condithe Superintendent of Public Instruction, mineral resources of the State are, as yet, vides that notice of the Government, and anticipate tion of affairs, should be willing to wait any other house in the com and the suggestions and recommendations comparatively undeveloped, for the want of State to assume and pay her portion of the but little twouble in bringing the settle- the action of the Legislature for his pay. all kinds of contained in it. The School Law requires population, labor and capital. Nearly one tax, without the intervention of the Fed. ment to a speedy and successful issue. amendments in several important partieu. fourth of the whole area of the State is a eral officers, must be given to the Secretalars, and it is believed that the fund can coal field, a large part of which is said to ry of the Tre-try by the Governor, or othbe materially increased without adding to be of the best quality. Excellent iron ore er proper officer, on or before the second the burthens of the people of the State. is found in vast quantities in many coun. Tuesday of February of each year in which While Indiana has a larger school fund ties, and throughout the State, excepting the tax is to be paid. The section also contains this provisio: That the amount of to enter into the history of the transactions direct tax apportioned to any State shall be liable to be paid or satisfied in whole or and an indispensable requisite is educated The State abounds in fine timber, and liv. in part by the release of such State, duly executed to the United States, of any liquidated and determined claim of any such harmonions and beneficial action to the State, of equal amount against the United State, should it be re-assembled in extra States; Provided, that in case of such re- session. The Auditor and Treasurer lease, such State shall be allowed the same promptly decided that no money could be

ly established of sufficient capacity to re- in search of new homes, and of such fa- due on settlement. After consultation if possible. The honor and humanity of ceive and instruct all who desire to enter cilities for getting here as the State may be with the Auditor, Treasurer and Secretary, the State demanded that the operations of able to furnish. Some of our sister States of State, and in conjunction with them, on the Benevolent Institutions should not DONATION OF LAND BY CONGRESS FOR AGRI- have in this way added largely to their the - day of December, 1861, I filed in again be suspended, and the peace and sepopulation and wealth, and while we are the office of the Secretary of the Treasury curity of the people of the State required Monuments, Tomb Stones, somewhat late in beginning, it will be later at Washington, a paper officially signed, that the convicts in the Penitentiaries and worse for us the longer it is put off. In of which a copy is herewith transmitted, should not be turned loose upon society accordance with this view I have caused to in which we assumed that the State would before their time. The financial report better than repeat the recommendations of be prepared and published, in both English pay her portion of the direct tax without will show that I was generously sustained and German, a pamphlet setting forth the the intervention of Federal officers, and by the constituted authorities of various condition and resources of the State, and proposing to set-off against the same a counties, by many private persons, and by gress of the United States passed an act presenting the inducements offered to em- like sum due to the State for advances one railroad corporation, to all of whom igrants from abroad, copies of which are made in furnishing our troops, and to re- I desire in the most public manner to release the United States from further lia- turn my thanks. The money thus obtain- R. S. LENHART, General Agent. bility for the sum thus set-off and advance ed, added to the profits of the State Arse- A. BOYD, Local Agent, Plymouth. ed against the tax. This paper was ne- nal, was sufficient to support the B-nevocepted by the Secretary of the Treasury, lent Institutions, and Penitentiaries, and she thereupon declined to appoint the of- defray all other civil expenses, from the ficers provided by the law to eoliect the time the duty of providing for them de tax within the State. On the - day of volved upon me until the first day of Jan-January, 1862, Mr. Lange, the Auditor of pary, 1865, leaving a balance of the civil the State, proceeded to Washington with fund in my hands of 88,768 95. the papers and vouchers embracing our The annual reports of the Board of claims against the Government up to the Trust es of the Benevolent Institutions time, for the purpose of making settle- are herewith laid before you, from which ment. He found, however, that the mode it will appear that when the high prices of of settlement with the several States had all articles that enter into their consumpnot been determined upon by the Treasury tion are considered, that they are car-Department, and that the press of business ried on with more economy, and at less in the Department was such as to prevent cost, than at any former period in their the taking up of our accounts. He was di- history. This statement I am advised is The statute which excludes negroes from rected to file them in the Department to fully sustained by a careful examination testifying in courts of justice, in cases in be taken up for adjustment whenever they and comparison of the reports of their exwhich white persons are parties, is, in my could be reached. It then became obvious penditures from the time of their first es- Fruits, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, opinion, a stigma upon the humanity and that our account would not be settled and tablishment.

> payment of the same in money," shall be construed as applying to such claims of States for reimbursements of expenses in- for the month of January, 1861. curred by them in enrolling, subsisting, for the transfer of 200 convicts from the made before the thirtieth of June."

against the United States, due to the State, so that when the work for the year 1861 more than enough to cover the amount of was closed up, there remained unexpended Business College in the United States. tax due from the State, after deducting the of the fund appropriated for the construcfifteen per cent. from the gross amount.

it is but just to say that in others the ad- been collected from the people of Indiana 1862, and must so continue until the pris-By the 6th section of an Act of Con. ment, if it followed former precedents, 1862, this labor could be made remuner- plete the course and pass the necessary examination

taken in reference to it. The settlement of vened in this city in February last, and BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.

making formal appropriations for the support of the Benevolent Institutions, and the Penitentiaries. Without attempting of that body, or the causes which led to its disruption, it is enough to say that it was so constituted, and adjourned under such circumstances, as forbade the idea of

The late Legislature adjourned without

abatement of the amount of such tax as drawn from the Treasury for the support been completed, and Mr. Stumph was Dyspepsia, Scrofula or King's Evil, of legal appropiations for that purpose .-From the very beginning of the war, the To this conclusion I offered no objection

tion, there is no reason why we may not whose duty it shall be to furnish to per- ject, and ascertained from him that the As the matter stood, the operations of of qualified teachers, and these we shall wealth and resources of the State, and the within the spirit and meaning of the Act, suspended, or I must procure moneys ont. cost at least seventy-five per cent. more TTOOPER'S FEMALE PILLS .- The never have in sufficient numbers, until a prospects for health, comfort, wealth and would be admitted in payment of the side of the treasury, with which to carry

State Normal School has been permanent- education, presented to those who come tax to an amount which should be found them forward. This I determined to do APORTE MARBLE WORKS.

PENITENTIARIES.

The Northern Prison, located at Michidisability is absurd, and has been made before quoted, and that, after all, our set. gan City, is the one with which I have had and economically managed, for which Stock of Groceries is complete and will compare favorably with any establishment in Northern Indiana. Merchants much credit is due its Warden. Thomas supplied with Groceries on as favorable terms, all things considered, as in Fort Wayne or Chicago. Wood, Esq., and to its Board of Trustees. In this connection I beg leave to call the All Orders filled with Dispatch. attention of the Log slature to the remarks fraud, because of their inability to testify the time in which accounts could be filed construction of that Prison, and the debt

year 1861, and a like sum for the year age. We also pledge our elves to sum of 30,000 was appropriated for material and construction of the Northern Prison, and for the support of convicts, as can be obtained at any house in Northern Indiana .and the payment of the expenses incurred | Give us acall, and we will convince you that we willnot be

"At the same session a law was passed clothing, supplying, arming, equipping, for the transier of 200 clothing, supplying, arming, equipping. Southern Prison, at Jeffersonville, to the deyed in siding to suppress the present Northern Prison, but no provision was insurrection against the United States, as made for their return in case their labor shall be filed with the proper officers of should not be required. At the same sesof the United States before the thirtieth of sion an act was passed providing that all July next. And in such cases the abate- persons cent to the Penitentiaries from ment of fitteen per centum shall be made counties north of the National Road should on such portion of said tax as may be paid be confined in the Northern Prison. The by the allowance of such claims, in whole work in the construction of the Prison was or in part, the same as if the final settle. vigorously pressed in the summer and fall ment and liquidation thereof had been of 1861, and it was found necessary, by the Board of Directors, in order to keep This act healed the difficulty, and under the convict labor employed, to anticipate, it we have filed with the proper officers, and draw upon the appropriations made anterior to the 30th of July, 1862, claims for the construction of the Prison in 1862; tion of the Prison in 1862, but about 3,- The "Telegraph Institute" By this operation, the State has saved 600 dollars. It was apparent, then, that filteen per cent. of the original amount the labor of the convicts could not be emwhich is \$135,731 30, reducing the ployed in the construction of the Prison amount from 8904,875,33 to \$765,144.03, during the year 1862, for the want of and the latter sum is set-off and paid by means with which to purchase the necessaour advances. The arrangement is mutu- ry materials. The labor of the convicts ally advantageous to the State and Gener. could not be leased or hired out to conal Government. It would do the Govern. tractors for the want of shops in the prisment no good to draw a large amount of on in which they could be employed. To well posted in all matters of business, and also become a money from the people of the State for work the convicts out of prison and about taxes, while she was debter to the State the town, would be so expensive, in the to a still larger amount, which indebted. employment of guards, as to make their at this Institution in the shortest possible time. There ness must sometime be paid by money labor unprofitable, besides there was no are no vacations. Students can commence at any time.

Students will be sent to good bearding places, any day, The condition of the Treasury will be raised by taxation. Besides this, the Gov. authority for doing so, except as connect- immediately on their arrival, at from \$3 to \$4 per week.

> State would sustain a great loss by the The subject was laid before the Legis- delay in the construction of the shops, and John B. Stringh, of this city, reputed to Call and see their stock and price their goods before be an honest and capable builder, to be purchasing elsewhere.
>
> WOODWARD & WHITE. present at the letting, and see that the con- Bourbon, Ind., July 21, 1864. tract was properly made, and in accordance with the plans and specifications before that time adopted by the State for the GREAT WESTERN MEDICINE. construction of the shops. The contract, have every reason to believe, was fairly made, upon terms, as I am informed, fifteen per cent. below the original contract for the same work, and at least twenty per cent, below what the same work could again directed to examine and measure the work; his report of the letting, quality and measurement of the work is herewith sub- Rheumatism, Inflammation of the Eyes, mitted. In view of the early completion of the shops, the Board of Directors were able to lease the labor of the convicts upon terms highly favorable to the State.—
> This business is a proper subject for Legislative investigation, which I hope will be promptly made, and that means will be speedily provided to pay the contractor the amount which shall be found to be To what I have here said, I will only

which I anthorized in 1862, would now

CONCLUDED ON FOURTH PAGE.

SHERMAN & Co., Manufacturers of all kinds of

Head Stones, of all Sizes and Forms, MARBLE TABLE TOPS. Bureau Tops, Counter Slabs, Etc.

They will sell all kinds of work cheaper than any other stablishment in Northern Indiana can, and will warrant

october23'63-46tf

Family Groceries!

L. NUSSBAUM & CO., DEALERS IN

PROVISIONS.

Lard, Tobacco, Cigars,

Wooden and Willow Ware. most to do. It has, I believe, been well In soliciting the public patronage we would say that our

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE

PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE.

We hope by a close attention to the wants of the public

GIVE AS GOOD BARGAINS IN GROCERIES

L. NUSSBAUM & CO.



"Chicago Commercial College"

Is the Largest and Most Complete

connected with this College is the largest in the world,

Over Thirty Instruments being in constant use. A young man can become a good

ACCOUNTANT

GOOD TELEGRAPH OPERATOR,

State Treasurer. While I have had occa- the State in the full amount of her ad- "As the matter stood, it was inevitable any other way where it will produce him as good returns. A person holding a Scholarship in

> COMMERCIAL COLLEGES all probability, remain as a suspended debt might be hired to contractors, as in other can take the course, or review at any time, at any of the for years to come, on which the Govern prisons. If the shops were constructed in A beautiful Diploma is awarded to students who come BRYANT & STRATTON,

> > BOURBON GROCERY STORE. WOODWARD & WHITE,

(SUCCESSORS OF BOULTON & PLANT,)

ny other house in the county, for Cash or Produce. They will also pay the highest market price in CASH for

The Board of Directors then proceeded to Country Produce and Medical Roots. a public letting was had. I directed Mr. Their stock embraces nearly every article usually kept in

DR. BRUCE'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE ANACEA

INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION,

It Purifies the Blood. PERSHING & Co., Corner Michigan and Gano streets

GOLD, SILVER AND PAPER add that the shops, the construction of Mammoth Hardware Store.